## 13.—Statistics of the Leading Industries of each of the Maritime Provinces, 1932—concluded.

## NOVA SCOTIA.

No.	Industry.	Estab- lish- ments.	Capital.	Em- ployees.	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Gross Value of Products.
_		No.	\$	No.		\$	\$
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Fish curing and packing Central electric stations Pulp and paper Primary iron and steel Butter and cheese Printing and publishing Biscuits, confectionery, cocoa, etc. Shipbuilding Hosiery and knitted goods Sawmills Bread and other bakery products. All other leading industries!  Totals, Leading Industries. Totals, All Industries.	79  5 6 30: 32 8 9 3 640 62 62	711,450 19,605,933 99,038,666	725 547 612 290 647 771 584 676 1,370 332 905	310, 283 820, 553 715, 247 650, 763 448, 752 368, 181 271, 145 1, 194, 078	1,331,673 1,259,925 1,386,497 304,494 667,423 674,650 816,713 812,399 538,026 7,895,528	4,356,412 4,050,523 2,580,265 2,190,785 1,815,189 1,754,586 1,718,937 1,652,023 1,516,254 1,199,678 12,360,062

## NEW BRUNSWICK.

No.	Industry.	Estab. lish- ments.	Capital.	Em- ployees	Salaries and Wages.	Cost of Materials.	Gross Value of Products.
_		No.	\$	No.	\$	\$	\$
23 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Pulp and paper Central electric stations. Sawmills Cotton yarn and cloth Coffee, tea and spices Fish curing and packing Biscuits, confectionery, cocoa, etc. Butter and cheese Bread and other bakery products. Printing and publishing All other leading industries.	6 157 9 34	43,552,385 29,458,115 6,297,181 4,380,400 2,030,983 2,086,902 1,753,260 1,100,817 787,008 1,155,916 10,855,020	457 1,343 1,001 243 711 491 190 332 367	1,919,667 519,070 600,214 895,044 293,812 239,434 382,114 203,423 291,536 463,581 1,816,201	1,304,536 712,991 1,423,488 1,038,748 608,704 753,594 534,253 166,272	3,340,257 2,208,916 2,006,402 1,392,888 1,637,825 1,387,096 1,195,538 1,123,119 1,059,323
	Totals, Leading Industries Totals, All Industries	576 841	103,457,987 117,454,168		7,624,101 1 <b>0,</b> 623,685		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Read headnote to this table on p. 479.

## Subsection 2.—The Manufactures of Quebec, 1932.

The pulp and paper mills of Quebec, the most important manufacturing unit of the province, produced goods with a selling value at the factory of \$63,317,497 in 1932. This exceeded by nearly \$19,000,000 the gross value of products of central electric stations (\$44,720,404), the industry which ranks second in importance. This was followed by non-ferrous metal smelting and refining (\$35,141,813), tobacco, cigars and cigarettes (\$31,923,004), cotton yarn and cloth (\$26,974,004), women's factory clothing (\$23,193,839), boots and shoes (\$18,635,509), petroleum products (\$18,241,142), etc. A change took place in the ranking of some of the important industries of the province. The non-ferrous metal smelting and refining industry advanced from eighth place in 1930 to third place in 1932, while sawmills dropped from fifth to twenty-first place. Compared with 1931, the petroleum products industry advanced from fifteenth to eighth place, the silk industry also advanced from twenty-first to fourteenth place while railway rolling-stock dropped from sixth to fifteenth place.